

## **VENTBOX 150 Thin**

Heat recovery units for apartments



### CENTRALISED HEAT RECOVERY UNIT VENTBOX 150 Thin



### Flats and apartment buildings up to 100 m<sup>2</sup>

Due to its universal design and compact dimensions, the unit can be installed on the wall, floor, or ceiling. Installation is also possible in very small mounting spaces.



### Fresh air without allergens and pollen

The system efficiently filters air, removing allergens, pollen, and impurities. Therefore, the air at your home is healthy and clean.



### Radon-Free Living

The unit can be equipped with a radon sensor for continuous monitoring of radon concentration in the house, allowing for timely automatic response to potential hazards.

### Intensive exhaust option

Elevate your air quality with the units' BOOST feature, enabling intensive extraction.

# Moisture

removal

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Pr ip r

CHRV systems feature an integrated mechanism to eliminate excess humidity, contributing to a more comfortable and healthier environment.

### Summer and Winter functions

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Units compare the temperature of indoor and outdoor air, regulating the bypass damper to prevent the warming of external air from exhaust air.



10 miles

64

### Low consumption

The units are designed with a focus on energy efficiency, boasting low energy consumption to help you save on operational costs.

### Mobile app control

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LICON units can be controlled and monitored through a mobile application, providing you with a convenient way to adjust settings according to your needs.

### VENTBOX 150 Thin

The **VENTBOX 150 Thin** central heat recovery system provides a revolutionary and user-friendly solution for optimising the air quality in your home. This modern unit is designed with the latest technology and engineering developments in mind to provide optimum performance and comfort for residential and smaller family homes. Features of this unit include air purification from allergens and pollen, efficient exhaust air and water vapour extraction, low energy consumption, reduced excessive CO<sub>2</sub> and can be controlled via a web interface. With the VENTBOX 150 Thin you can be sure that your home will always have fresh and healthy air.



### Specifications

Version	Optimum	Premium				
Recommended area	up to <sup>-</sup>	100 m <sup>2</sup>				
Energy class	ŀ	4				
Dimensions ( $h \times w \times d$ )	192 × 593 × 1 248 mm					
Weight	20 kg					
Voltage	230 V/50 Hz					
Electric current without preheating	0.3 A					
Electric current including preheating	3.7 A					
Max. input power of the unit without preheating	51	W				
Max. preheating input power	1 024 W					
IP coverage	30					
Air flow	30–150 m³/h					
Maximum airflow in boost setting	200 m³/h					
Displacement pressure	50-3	50 Pa				
Acoustic energy L <sub>wa</sub>	105 m³/h/50	) Pa/46.9 dB				
Heat transfer efficiency/Flow rate	78 %/1 83 %/1 88 %/5	50 m³/h 05 m³/h 50 m³/h				
Electrical input (without preheating)	55 W/1 29 W/1 17 W/5	50 m³/h 05 m³/h 50 m³/h				
arnothing of the connection necks	125	mm				
Type of pipe for condensate drainage	HT DN	32 mm				
Specific power consumption SPI*	0.29 V	V/m³/h				
Ordering code**	VB1-0150-TC-OHR(L)	VB1-0150-TC-PHR(L)				

### **Optimum version**

This is an innovative and powerful heat recovery unit designed to optimally achieve **maximum performance while ensuring economic efficiency**. The unit is equipped with all the necessary technical equipment to ensure efficient operation and optimization of all performance parameters.

### **Premium version**

The unit is additionally equipped with **unrivalled motors with constant flow function**. These unique fans compensate for pressure losses (e.g. in case of flow blockage at the inlet). With these premium EC motors, the unit can operate more efficiently and economically; this has a positive effect on the overall dynamics and also the economy when using the heat recovery system. Compensation for changes in pressure losses in the system, e.g. when the filters gradually become clogged. Ensuring uniform ventilation and high efficiency of heat recovery. The unit is more sophisticated.

 $^{*}$  at reference airflow 105 m³/h and disposition pressure of 50 Pa  $^{**}$  for ordering codes see p. 18.

Thanks to its universal design, the **VENTBOX 150 Thin** unit has very little installation space requirements and can be installed in almost any position required, whether on the wall, floor, or ceiling. Installation is also possible in very small installation spaces where a standard heat recovery unit would not fit, like the ceiling above the kitchen, or in a wall/recess in a WC or bathroom.

### **Basic specifications**

- VENTBOX 150 Thin ventilation unit with white galvanised sheet metal on one side
- control and information panel
- 2× analog inputs
- 1× digital input
- holes for connection of necks
- connection hole covers
- outlet for condensate discharge
- plate counterflow heat exchanger
- fans with efficient EC motor
- connector for connecting fire sensor or electrical fire alarm system (EPS)
- temperature sensors
- separate temperature sensor for preheating
- filter SUPPLY (Optimum/Premium)
   M5 (ePM10 55 %)\*/F7 (ePM1 70 %)\* pollen
- EXHAUST filter (Optimum/Premium)
- M5 (ePM10 55 %)\*/F7 (ePM1 70 %)\* pollen
- 230 V mains power cable
- wedge for directing air flow
- anchoring/fixing sheet metal hinges with included fasteners
- mounting template
- energy label, package leaflet
- assembly and installation instructions

### **Dimensions of the unit**





Dimensions in mm. Attention! These are not mounting dimensions. Technical changes reserved.

### **Optional specification**

- enthalpy counterflow heat exchanger (see p. 7)
- continuous variable manual control (see p. 17)
- CO<sub>2</sub> sensors
- relative humidity (RH) sensor
- radon concentration sensors
- TVOC and HCHO (volatile substances and formaldehyde) sensor
- filter clogging indicator based on filter pressure drop
- filter clogging indicator based on time interval
- INPUT filters (Optimum) F7 (ePM1 70 %)\* pollen
- EXHAUST filters (Optimum) F7 (ePM1 70 %)\* pollen
- insulation box (place the unit in a place with lower temperature)

\* the figure in (%) tells how many particles in a given filter class the filter "captures"

### **Basic software functions**

- automatic frost protection
- bypass function (exchanger bypass)
- control via a web interface (see p. 10)
- weekly time mode
- Modbus RTU communication
- measuring energy consumption
- BOOST shock ventilation

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Horizontal mounting (see p. 12)

Installation under the ceiling (e.g. drop ceiling) – always the left variant of the heat recovery unit! Floor mounting (e.g. attic) – always the right variant of the heat recovery unit!

#### Vertical mounting (see p. 13)

Wall mounting - mounting of both right and left variants of the heat recovery unit

### UNIT BREAKDOWN





- 1 back cover of the device (casing not removable)
- 2 casing of the device
- 3 air duct connection necks Ø 125 mm
- 4 connection caps
- 5 outlet for condensate discharge
- 6 unit body
- 7 bypass damper including actuator
- 8 plate counterflow heat exchanger
- 9 fixing rail
- 10 fans with efficient EC motor

- 1 control electronics and power supply of the unit
- <sup>12</sup> control and information panel
- (13) control electronics cover
- 14 air filters
- 15 filter closing caps
- 16 fan cover
- 17 heat exchanger cover
- 18 preheating cover
- 19 preheating
- 20 wedge for directing the airflow (when using side outlets)

### ACCESSORIES

### Enthalpy counterflow heat exchanger

The enthalpy counterflow heat exchanger is an optional part of the heat recovery system which, in addition to heat recovery, also allows moisture recovery, thus supporting the maintenance of optimal indoor air humidity and thus improving the user comfort of apartments and residential buildings. These systems bring many benefits, including energy efficiency, reduced heating costs, and improved indoor air quality.

#### Main features and benefits

- Heat exchange an enthalpy heat exchanger allows heat energy to be transferred from warmer exhaust air to cooler outdoor air, thereby increasing the temperature of the air entering the building in winter. This helps to reduce heating costs because the fresh air is heated passively during the exchange.
- Moisture exchange in addition to heat, the enthalpy heat exchanger allows moisture transfer. This is important for maintaining optimum humidity indoors. The moisture in the exhaust air is transferred to the supply air, which can be useful in areas with extreme climatic conditions.
- Reduction of losses and pollution the enthalpy heat exchanger also serves to separate the supply and extract air, preventing the transfer of pollution, dirt and unwanted odours from the outside into the building. This improves the indoor air quality.

The enthalpy heat exchanger can be ordered separately or later; after a very simple installation, the entire unit is upgraded with advanced technology. **Ordering code:** Z-CRJ-P-019

### Working principle of the counterflow exchanger



### Specifications with enthalpy exchanger

Weight of the entire unit	21.5 kg
	70 %/150 m³/h
Heat transfer	74 %/105 m³/h
enciency/ now rate	82 %/50 m³/h
	48 %/150 m <sup>3</sup> /h
Moisture transfer	53 %/105 m³/h
chiclency/ now rate	63 %/50 m³/h

### Pleasant indoor climate during both summer and winter

#### What happens in summer?

Relatively humid air seems warmer in summer than it actually is, so heat and moisture are removed from the warm and humid outside air before fresh air is brought into the house.

#### How does it work in winter?

In winter, valuable heat is recovered and remains inside. With humidity recuperation, more of the necessary moisture is transferred to the dry outside air.



Exhaust air from the interior

Supply air for the interior

### FILTERS

#### Fresh and clean air for good health

LICON's original filters ensure a fresh and clean air supply to living rooms and significantly reduce the number of unhealthy particles.

#### More efficient operation reduces operating costs

With the original filters, developed specially for the specific purposes of VENTBOX ventilation units, they achieve lower energy consumption. They guarantee perfect operation and maximum energy efficiency, resulting in cost savings.

#### Low noise increases living comfort

Thanks to the original filters, VENTBOX heat recovery units are almost inaudible. They contribute to the already very quiet controlled ventilation operation and increase the comfort of living.

### Particle sizes and filter classifications

As of 1 July 2018, the ISO 16890 filter standard is in force throughout Europe. It divides filters into four classes according to their ability to filter different sizes of particles in the air. To be classified in a particular class, a filter must capture at least 50% of the particles of a given size.

The service life of the filters is always dependent on the quality of the environment in which the VENTBOX is operated. In some locations, the service life may be significantly shorter than normal (e.g. due to high dust levels). We therefore recommend paying close attention to their service. 6 months is the normal filter lifetime, while 12 months is the maximum filter lifetime. New filters can be easily ordered at **www.licon.cz** in the **Heat recovery unit** section.





### **Types of filters**

	M5	F7
Filtration class – inlet	ePM10	ePM1
Percentage capture of particles in a given filtration class – inlet	55 %	70 %
Filtration class – exhaust	ePM10	ePM1
Percentage capture of particles in a given filtration class – exhaust	55 %	70 %
Dimensions (h × w × d)	204 × 127 × 29 mm	204 × 127 × 29 mm
Ordering code	Z-CRJ-P-012	Z-CRJ-P-013

### **Efficiency of filters**

EN 779	ISO ePM1	ISO ePM2.5	ISO ePM10	ISO Coarse
G2	_	-	-	>60 %
G3	-	-	-	>80 %
G4	_	_	_	>90 %
M5	-	_	>50 %	_
M6	_	50–65 %	>60 %	_
F7	>50 %	70–80 %	>85 %	-
F8	>80 %	>80 %	>90 %	_
F9	>80 %	>95 %	>95 %	_

### ISO Coarse enters the nose

### and neck (coarse dirt)

> 10 µm sand, fluff, flying seeds, fine hair etc., most of which is already caught by filters classified in class G2. We use this filter in VENTBOX 300/400 units on the supply air mainly to protect the electric preheater and also to reduce clogging of the downstream filter.

### ISO ePM10 enters the upper respiratory tract

≤ 10 µm pollen, stone dust, agricultural dust, etc., these particles are captured with an efficiency of 55 % by the filter with the original M5 designation. The minimum specified filter efficiency for these particles is > 50 %. With the F7 filter, they are probably captured up to 90 %.

### ISO ePM2.5 penetrates into the lungs

≤ 2.5 µm mould spores, pollen, bacteria, toner powder, etc., these particles are captured by the F7 filter, probably with an efficiency of about 80 %.

### ISO ePM1 enters the bloodstream

 ≤ 1 µm bacteria, soot, etc., these particles are captured with an efficiency of 70 % by the filter with the original F7 designation.
 The min. specified filter efficiency for these particles is more than 50%.

### CONTROL

### **Control and information panel**

The VENTBOX 150 Thin can normally be operated via the web interface, but all basic service operations can also be performed manually (by pressing the appropriate button) on the control panel located on the front of the device:

- a short press of the button to perform a **reboot**, which preserves all user and service settings of the device.
- a longer press of the button (5 s) to enter the **factory settings**, where the ventilation unit runs permanently at reduced power. At the same time, all user settings will be lost, including weekly program settings and network connections if previously made. The ventilation unit goes back to AP mode including the login password set by the manufacturer.
- press the button (2 s) to set the new filter change interval. Use this only for filter changes!

### Information LED

- green power flashing connected to power (Standby mode), lit – device in operation
- blue filters lit or flashing request for filter change
- red error must check "Error messages"

### Unit control via web interface

The home screen is used to view information, control and set up the VENTBOX 150 Thin. The middle part displays the current power of the unit; information and status icons are below, then the current values are measured by the room sensors used by the unit (provided that the sensors are connected to the heat recovery unit). The lower part contains buttons for operating and setting the heat recovery unit.



#### User functions that you can control

- ventilation shutdown Standby mode (unit is not disconnected from a power supply)
- switching between automatic and manual mode (A/M)
- one-time reduction of ventilation power when leaving the building (holiday)
- short-term increase of ventilation intensity (BOOST mode)
- manual bypass flap switching (summer only)
- user device settings





### ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

The electrical power connection of the VENTBOX 150 Thin is by means of a 1.5 metre power cable. All connector connections are located on the **Control Panel**, which is located between the interior necks. This is also the location of the unit's main switch.

### **Control panel with connection for connectors**

- The unit's main power switch with a socket for 230 V mains cable connection and FST 5× 20 10 A/250 V fuse
- Modbus connection of RH, CO<sub>2</sub>, TVOC, Radon sensors
- <sup>3</sup> P. R. T. analogue input for connection of external controller
- 4 Al2 analogue input
- 5 DI1 digital input for intensive exhaust buttons (bathroom, kitchen, WC)
- 6 Antenna used for wireless communication (connection to Wi-fi network).



### VENTILATION PERFORMANCE

	례		Ŧ		Heat re effici	covery iency	
Unit power [%]	External pressure [P	Airflow [m³/h]	Power inpu [W]	SFP [W/m³/h]	Heat nt [%]	Humidity ŋx [%]	
With s	standard	heat exc	hanger a	ccording	to EN 13	8141-7	
30	50	50	17	0.34	87.5	-	
70	50	105	29	0.28	82.5	-	
100	100	150	55	0.37	78.0	-	
100	200	150	72	0.48	78.2	-	
With ent	halpy he	at excha	nger acc	ording to	EN 1314	1-7:2011	
30	50	50	17	0.34	81.5	63.2	
70	50	105	29	0.28	74.2	53.2	
100	100	150	55	0.37	69.6	47.8	
100	200	150	71	0.47	69.7	47.8	

VENTBOX 150 Optimum – available ventilation capacity





### **Floor mounting**

Caution! Possible only with the right variant of the unit.



### Installation under the ceiling

Caution! Possible only with the left variant of the unit.



### Wall mounting - left variant



1 socket 230 V AC/50 Hz, or RJ 4

2 placement of wall mounting anchors – anchor holes 4×

 $\varnothing$  10.5 mm, mounting spacing 1 298 × 536 mm

### Wall mounting – right variant



3 optional side connections

• min. inspection opening 1 580 × 880 mm

5 dry trap (recommended HL 138 DN 32)

Dimensions in mm. Technical changes reserved.



### REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER PROFESSIONS

### **Electrical requirements**

### Mandatory preparation

Fixed power cables 3×2.5 with circuit breaker 16 A char. B from the switchboard to the heat recovery unit

- Terminate with an AC 230 V/50 Hz socket no further than 1 m from the power socket of the heat recovery unit (the power socket of the heat recovery unit is located between the necks facing the interior).
- Marking of the circuit breaker with the label "heat recovery".
- Do not block bulk remote control!

### **Optional preparation**

#### UTP cable from the home Wi-fi router to the heat recovery unit

• Terminate with RJ 45 socket at the location of the heat recovery unit. This is used only in case of a weak Wi-fi signal, for possible connection of a Wi-fi router, and for Wi-fi signal amplification (it is not used for physical connection of the heat recovery unit).

#### Intensive exhaust buttons "WC, Bathroom, Kitchen"

- Bring UTP cable or J-Y(ST)Y 2×2×0.8 to all rooms with exhaust requirement (WC, bathroom, kitchen and other optional rooms).
- Connect all wires from the intensive exhaust buttons in parallel and connect them to the recovery unit.

### **Requirements for water installation**

### Mandatory preparation

### HT waste pipe – DN 32 mm

- Fit with a dry siphon and terminate it near the outlet of the condensate drain from the recovery unit (the condensate drain is always located between the outlet of the recovery unit that faces the exterior).
- Keep in mind the required *"inspection opening"* and the possibility of disconnecting the recovery unit from the waste.
- It is necessary to ensure that the outlet has free flow, considering the overall gradient of the waste system (min. 3 %).

### Vertical wall mounting

• Terminate the drain at least 20 cm below the bottom edge of the recovery unit.

#### Horizontal mounting on the ceiling or floor

• Terminate the drain at least 5 cm from the bottom edge of the recovery unit.

- Terminate with a free cable with a reserve of min. 2 m, not farther than 0.5 m from the data terminal of the heat recovery unit and mark *"WC button, Bathroom, Kitchen"*, etc.
- In the rooms, install a push button with a return to the original position.

#### CO2 and HYG sensors and continuous control panel (P.R.T.)

- Bring UTP cable or J-Y(ST)Y 2×2×0.8 for sensors and P.R.T. to the required rooms, the wires must be connected in series according to the requirements of the technical design of the RS 485 bus – sensors communicate using Modbus RTU!
- Terminate the cable with a margin of min. 2 m, at the furthest 0.5 m from the data terminal of the heat recovery unit (data terminals are always located between the necks facing the interior).

### Recommendations

- The CO<sub>2</sub> sensor for bedrooms or living rooms should be placed at the height of the switches.
- Humidity sensors for bathrooms should be placed on the wall 10 cm below the ceiling.
- Always leave a margin of at least 0.3 m on the continuous cables that connect the individual sensors in series.

### **Requirements for construction**

### Mandatory preparation

### Air ducts Ø 125 mm

 Supply air ducts according to the selected configuration of the rec. unit (right/left variant) and the location of air inlets (front/side outlet). Keep in mind the overall location of the heat recovery unit in the building (wall/drop ceiling/floor mounting).

#### Revision opening (min. 1 580 × 880 mm)

- Ensure sufficient space for installation and servicing with regard to the location of the heat recovery unit.
- The minimum required installation depth of the heat recovery unit is 220 mm!

#### Anchor holes

• With regard to the chosen mounting variant and it's weight.

### Horizontal mounting

(see p. 12)

- Installation under the ceiling (e.g. drop ceiling) – always the left variant of the heat recovery unit!
- Floor mounting (e.g. attic) always the **right** variant of the heat recovery unit!

### **Vertical mounting** (see p. 13)

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- Wall mounting mounting of both right and left variants of the heat
  - recovery unit

### ACOUSTIC PARAMETERS

### Noise emitted from the unit to the surroundings according to EN ISO 9614-2

	Acoustic energy L <sub>wa</sub> – to the surroundings											
Unit power [%]	External pressure [Pa]	Air flow [m³/h]	63 [dB(A)]	125 [dB(A)]	250 [dB(A)]	500 [dB(A)]	1 000 [dB(A)]	2 000 [dB(A)]	4 000 [dB(A)]	8 000 [dB(A)]	Total [dB(A)]	
20	50	50	35.6	28.4	40.1	35.8	28.4	18.5	7.9	2.5	35.6	
70	50	105	42.3	37.5	51.3	44.4	37.8	30.3	21.9	15.9	46.9	
100	100	150	41.8	42.2	48.4	57.6	46.7	39.1	31.3	9.8	54.7	
100	200	150	44.8	46.4	50.8	57.7	50.2	40.3	33.2	14.5	56.3	

### Noise emitted into the duct according to EN ISO 5136 - at the discharge to the pipe

	Acoustic energy L <sub>wA</sub> – discharge to the pipe – E2											
Unit power [%]	External pressure [Pa]	Air flow [m³/h]	63 [dB(A)]	125 [dB(A)]	250 [dB(A)]	500 [dB(A)]	1 000 [dB(A)]	2 000 [dB(A)]	4 000 [dB(A)]	8 000 [dB(A)]	Total [dB(A)]	
20	50	50	61.0	56.4	55.9	48.4	44.6	36.2	26.7	17.2	50.7	
70	50	105	65.5	62.3	66.6	56.4	54.5	48.6	42.4	30.0	62.0	
100	100	150	72.0	67.5	64.7	73.4	65.3	57.5	51.4	41.7	70.9	
100	200	150	73.7	69.0	66.8	72.6	67.3	60.8	55.7	47.1	72.3	

### Acoustic energy $L_{\scriptscriptstyle WA}$ – discharge to the pipe – I2

Unit power [%]	External pressure [Pa]	Air flow [m³/h]	63 [dB(A)]	125 [dB(A)]	250 [dB(A)]	500 [dB(A)]	1 000 [dB(A)]	2 000 [dB(A)]	4 000 [dB(A)]	8 000 [dB(A)]	Total [dB(A)]
20	50	50	61.6	58.3	53.6	48.2	43.6	34.2	25.2	18.6	50.1
70	50	105	65.5	64.3	63.6	58.1	54.0	46.9	39.4	29.6	60.4
100	100	150	73.2	71.5	66.0	73.2	62.7	56.0	51.6	43.7	70.5
100	200	150	76.2	71.3	67.7	72.2	64.3	57.2	55.4	48.5	71.1

#### Noise emitted from the unit into the duct (according to EN ISO 5136) - for suction into the duct

52.7

60.0

61.2

70

100

100

50

100

200

105

150

150

57.5

65.4

66.6

	Acoustic energy $L_{wA}$ – intake to the duct – E1										
Unit power [%]	External pressure [Pa]	Air flow [m³/h]	63 [dB(A)]	125 [dB(A)]	250 [dB(A)]	500 [dB(A)]	1 000 [dB(A)]	2 000 [dB(A)]	4 000 [dB(A)]	8 000 [dB(A)]	Total [dB(A)]
20	50	50	51.3	44.2	44.5	39	29.9	13.9	4.7	4.7	39.2
70	50	105	56.4	50.2	55.0	46.6	39.9	25.1	9.3	4.7	50.0
100	100	150	62.5	55.9	53.4	63.3	49.3	34.8	23.2	10.3	59.5
100	200	150	64.3	59.2	53.0	60.8	52.9	37.7	23.1	15.5	59.2
			Ac	oustic ene	ergy L <sub>wa</sub> – s	uction into	the duct -	11			
Unit power [%]	External pressure [Pa]	Air flow [m³/h]	63 [dB(A)]	125 [dB(A)]	250 [dB(A)]	500 [dB(A)]	1 000 [dB(A)]	2 000 [dB(A)]	4 000 [dB(A)]	8 000 [dB(A)]	Total [dB(A)]
20	50	50	52.8	47.7	41.6	36.3	26.1	12.5	4.7	4.7	37.6

45.3

57.4

59.0

35.8

44.6

47.9

24.0

33.9

35.9

13.5

23.9

25.0

4.7

10.4

15.6

53.0

51.6

52.7

48.2

54.8

57.2

### TECHNICAL PARAMETERS VENTBOX 150 Thin

	Optimum version	Premium version			
Recommended area	up to 1	00 m <sup>2</sup> *			
Height	192	mm			
Width	593	mm			
Length/depth	1 248	3 mm			
Weight	20	kg			
Weight with enthalpy heat exchanger	21.	5 kg			
Electric current (including preheating)	0.3 (	3.7) A			
Air flow	30–15	0 m³/h			
Maximum air flow in BOOST mode	200	m³/h			
Reference air flow	105	m³/h			
Displacement pressure (at reference flow)	350	) Pa			
Acoustic energy L <sub>wA</sub> to the surroundings (at reference flow and a pressure of 50 Pa)	46.9	dB (A)			
Heat transfer efficiency with standard heat exchanger (% / air flow)	78 %/150 m³/h; 83 %/1	105 m³/h; 88 %/50 m³/h			
Heat transfer efficiency with ent. exchanger (% / air flow)	70 %/150 m³/h; 74 %/	105 m³/h; 82 %/50 m³/h			
Moisture transfer efficiency with standard heat exchanger	_				
Moisture transfer efficiency with ent. exchanger (%/air flow)	48 %/150 m³/h; 53 %/105 m³/h; 63 %/50 m³/h				
Electrical input without preheating (W/m³/h) at external pressure 50 Pa	55 W/150 m³/h; 29 W/105 m³/h; 17 W/50 m³/h				
SPI specific energy consumption W/m³/h	0.29 W/at reference flow	and disp. pressure 50 Pa			
Energy class	A				
Max. number of all sensors ( $CO_2/RH/RADON \dots$ )	9				
Connector for fire sensor or EPS connection	Yi	es			
Automatic frost protection	Yi	es			
Max. preheating input power	1 02	24 W			
Bypass function (exchanger bypass)	Yi	es			
Shock ventilation	Y	es			
Weekly time mode	Y	es			
Measuring energy consumption	Y	es			
Modbus TCP/IP communication	Y	es			
Modbus RTU communication	Y	es			
Analogue input		2			
Digital input		1			
Diameter of the connection necks	125	mm			
Motors with constant flow function	No	Yes			
Filter clogging indicator based on filter pressure drop	No	Yes			
Filter clogging indicator based on time interval	Y	es			
Filters supply (% of particles captured in a given filter class)	M5 ePM10 55 % (F7 optional)	F7 ePM1 70 %			
Filters exhaust (% of particles captured in a given filter class)	M5 ePM10 55 % (F7 optional)	F7 ePM1 70 %			

values with enthalpy heat exchanger \* with regard to the total internal volume of the building

### ACCESSORIES

	Name	Description	Ordering code
THE STATE	RH sensor	Humidity sensor, analogue/digital 12–24 V DC, plaster box	Z-CRJ-P-001
	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor	CO <sub>2</sub> concentration sensor, analogue/digital, 12–24 V DC, plaster box	Z-CRJ-P-002
	TVOC sensor	Volatile and formaldehyde concentration sensor, analogue/digital, 12–24 V DC, plaster box	Z-CRJ-P-023
	Radon sensor	Radon concentration sensor	Z-CRJ-P-022
or .	Continuous manual control of relative P.R.T.	0–100 % continuous control with intensive exhaust	Z-CRJ-P-003
	Enthalpy counterflow heat exchanger	Enthalpy counterflow heat exchanger	Z-CRJ-P-019
	Insulation box	Insulation box to uninsulated areas	Z-CRJ-P-021
	Filter class M5 (ePM10 55 %) inlet/exhaust	Folded M5 class filter (ePM10 55 %), $204 \times 127 \times 29 \text{ mm}$	Z-CRJ-P-012
and a	Filter class F7 (ePM1 70 %) inlet/exhaust	Folded M7 class filter (ePM1 70 %), 204 × 127 × 29 mm	Z-CRJ-P-013
and the second second	Annual filter set M5 (ePM10 55 %)	Filter set 2× inlet, 2× exhaust	Z-CRJ-P-014
and the second second	Annual filter set F7 (ePM1 70 %)	Filter set 2× inlet, 2× exhaust	Z-CRJ-P-015
I SHO	VENTBOX 150 Thin Optimum	VENTBOX 150 Thin Optimum with standard heat exchanger	VB1-0150-TC-OHR(L)
I GRA	VENTBOX 150 Thin Premium	VENTBOX 150 Thin Premium with standard heat exchanger	VB1-0150-TC-PHR(L)
- V GHG	VENTBOX 150 Thin Optimum	VENTBOX 150 Thin Optimum with enthalpy exchanger	VB1-0150-TC-OER(L)
- V GRG	VENTBOX 150 Thin Premium	VENTBOX 150 Thin Premium with enthalpy exchanger	VB1-0150-TC-PER(L)

### TECHNICAL INFORMATION

**Compliance with the regulation on the display of energy consumption information for ventilation units for residential buildings** (according to EU Commission Regulation No 1254/2014 and supplementing EU Directive 2010/30/EU)

Name/trademark of the manufacturer: LICON s.r.o. Model designation: VENTBOX 150 Thin

Climate zone	hot	moderate	cool	hot	moderate	cool		
Specific energy consumption SEC kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> .a)	-17.95	-41.12	-79.14	-16.16	-39.4	-75.77		
SEC climate class	E	А	A+	E	А	A+		
Type of ventilation unit	BU	IV – bidirectic	nal	BU	BUV – bidirectional			
Installed drive type		multi-speed			multi-speed			
Heat recovery system	recu	perative/stan	idard	recu	perative/star	dard		
Thermal efficiency, dry non-condensing %		82.5			74.2			
Maximum air flow m³/h		150			150			
Electrical input at maximum air flow W		53			52			
Acoustic energy level L <sub>wa</sub> dB(A)		47			47			
Reference flow rate m <sup>3</sup> /h	105 105							
Reference displacement pressure Pa	50 50							
SPI W/m³/h		0.288			0.288			
Control factor and control typology (if fitted with sensors)	0.65	local c	ontrol	0.65	local c	ontrol		
Declared maximum unit air leakage %	inte	ernal	0.9	internal 0.9				
	exte	ernal	0.7	exte	ernal	0.7		
Mixing ratio of ductless BUV units			-	-				
Method of location and description of the optical filter change message			user n	nanual				
Internet address of user and installation instructions			www.li	con.cz				
Airflow sensitivity to pressure fluctuations %			-	-				
Outdoor leakage of ductless BUV units %			-	-				
Annual electricity consumption AEC kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> .a)	-	0.687	8.888	-	0.687	8.888		
Annual heat savings AHS kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> .a)	20.759	45.381	88.777	19.973	43.663	85.416		

### ORDERING CODES

#### **VENTBOX 150**

VENTBOX	Generation	Volume flow	Design	Heat recovery unit type	Model/Type	Exchanger type	Connection option
VB	1	- 0150	- T Thin	C centralized	<ul> <li>O Optimum</li> <li>P Premium</li> </ul>	H standard E enthalpy	P right L left

### Example of ordering code: VB1-0150-TC-OHR

VENTBOX 150 Thin first generation with central heat exchanger, standard EC fans version Optimum, standard heat exchanger with right-hand side connection.

### CONVECTORS

WITH NATURAL AND FORCED CONVECTION





OX 150 VENTBOX 150 VENTBOX 150 VENT

OX 150 VENTBO

**VENTBOX 150** OX 150 **VENTB** 



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**VENTBOX 150 30X 150 VENT**